

Religious Education Progression Map

	EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Making Sense	EYFS Early Learning Goal for People, Culture and Communities: Know some similarities and differences between different religious and cultural communities in this country, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class. Explain some similarities and differences between life in this country and life in other countries, drawing on knowledge from stories, non-fiction texts and – when appropriate – maps.	Recognise that loving others is important in lots of communities Say simply what Jesus and one other religious leader taught about loving other people Identify what a parable is Tell the story of the Lost Son from the Bible simply and recognise a link with the Christian idea of God as a forgiving Father Give clear, simple accounts of what the story means to Christians Retell the story of creation from Genesis 1:1–2:3 simply Recognise that 'Creation' is the beginning of the 'big story' of the Bible Say what the story tells Christians about God, Creation and the world	Recognise that stories of Jesus' life come from the Gospels Give a clear, simple account of the story of Jesus' birth and why Jesus is important for Christians Recognise that Incarnation and Salvation are part of a 'big story' of the Bible Tell stories of Holy Week and Easter from the Bible and recognise a link with the idea of Salvation (Jesus rescuing people) Tell stories from the Bible and recognise a link with the concept of 'Gospel' or 'good news' Give clear, simple accounts of what Bible texts (such as the story of Matthew the tax collector) mean to Christians	Place the concepts of God and Creation on a timeline of the Bible's 'big story' Make clear links between Genesis 1 and what Christians believe about God and Creation Recognise that the story of 'the Fall' in Genesis 3 gives an explanation of why things go wrong in the world Make clear links between the story of Noah and the idea of covenant Identify texts that come from a Gospel, which tells the story of the life and teaching of Jesus Make clear links between the calling of the first disciples and how Christians today try to follow Jesus and be 'fishers of people'	Recognise what a 'Gospel' is and give an example of the kinds of stories it contains Offer suggestions about what texts about baptism and Trinity mean Give examples of what these texts mean to some Christians today Make clear links between the story of Pentecost and Christian beliefs about the 'kingdom of God' on Earth Offer informed suggestions about what the events of Pentecost in Acts 2 might mean Give examples of what Pentecost means to some Christians now Identify some beliefs about love,	Identify some different types of biblical texts, using technical terms accurately Explain connections between biblical texts and Christian ideas of God, using theological terms Explain the place of Incarnation and Messiah within the 'big story' of the Bible Identify Gospel and prophecy texts, using technical terms Explain connections between biblical texts, Incarnation and Messiah, using theological terms Identify features of Gospel texts (for example, teachings, parable, narrative) Taking account of the context, suggest meanings of Gospel	Define the terms 'theist', 'atheist' and 'agnostic' and give examples of statements that reflect these beliefs Identify and explain what religious and non-religious people believe about God, saying where they get their ideas from Give examples of reasons why people do or do not believe in God Identify what type of text some Christians say Genesis 1 is, and its purpose Taking account of the context, suggest what Genesis 1 might mean, and compare their ideas with ways in which Christians interpret it, showing awareness of different interpretations Outline the 'big story'
		Identify a story or text that says something about each person being unique and valuable	Recognise that Jesus gives instructions to people about how to behave Recognise that there	be 'fishers of people' Suggest ideas and then find out about what Jesus' actions towards outcasts mean for a Christian	about love, commitment and promises in two religious traditions and describe what they mean		of the Bible, explaining how Incarnation and Salvation fit within it Explain what
		Give an example of a key belief some people	are special places where people go to		Offer informed suggestions about the		Christians mean when they say that

find in one of these stories (e.g. that God loves all people)

Give a clear, simple account of what Genesis 1 tells Christians and Jews about the natural world

Recognise the words of the Shema as a Jewish prayer

Retell simply some stories used in Jewish celebrations (e.g. Chanukah)

Give examples of how the stories used in celebrations (e.g. Shabbat, Chanukah) remind Jews about what God is like worship, and talk about what people do there

Identify at least three objects used in worship in two religions and give a simple account of how they are used and something about what they mean

Identify a belief about worship and a belief about God, connecting these beliefs simply to a place of worship

Recognise the words of the Shahadah and that it is very important for Muslims

Identify some of the key Muslim beliefs about God found in the Shahadah and the 99 names of Allah, and give a simple description of what some of them mean

Give examples of how stories about the Prophet show what Muslims believe about Muhammad Identify some beliefs about why the world is not always a good place (e.g. Christian ideas of sin)

Make links between religious beliefs and teachings and why people try to live and make the world a better place

Identify some Jewish beliefs about God, sin and forgiveness and describe what they mean

Make clear links between the story of the Exodus and Jewish beliefs about God and his relationship with the Jewish people

Offer informed suggestions about the meaning of the Exodus story for Jews today

Identify some beliefs about God in Islam, expressed in Surah 1

Make clear links between beliefs about God and ibadah (e.g. how God is worth worshiping; how Muslims submit to God) meaning and importance of ceremonies of commitment for religious and nonreligious people today

Recognise the word 'Salvation', and that Christians believe Jesus came to 'save' or 'rescue' people, e.g. by showing them how to live

Offer informed suggestions about what the events of Holy Week mean to Christians

Give examples of what Christians say about the importance of the events of Holy Week

Identify some Hindu deities and say how they help Hindus describe God

Make clear links between some stories (e.g. Svetaketu, Ganesh, Diwali) and what Hindus believe about God

Offer informed suggestions about what Hindu murtis express about God

Identify the terms dharma, Sanatan Dharma and Hinduism and say what they mean Identify and explain Jewish beliefs about God

Give examples of some texts that say what God is like and explain how Jewish people interpret them

Identify and explain beliefs about why people are good and bad (e.g. Christian and Humanist)

Make links with sources of authority that tell people how to be good (e.g. Christian ideas of 'being made in the image of God' but 'fallen', and Humanists saying people can be 'good without God')

Identify and explain Muslim beliefs about God, the Prophet* and the Holy Qur'an (e.g. Tawhid; Muhammad as the Messenger, Qur'an as the message)

Describe ways in which Muslim sources of authority guide Muslim living (e.g. Qur'an guidance on Five Pillars; Hajj practices follow example of the Prophet)

Jesus' death was a sacrifice

Explain connections between biblical texts and the concept of the kingdom of God

Consider different possible meanings for the biblical texts studied, showing awareness of different interpretations

Describe at least three examples of ways in which religions guide people in how to respond to good and hard times in life

Identify beliefs about life after death in at least two religious traditions, comparing and explaining similarities and differences

Identify and explain Hindu beliefs, e.g. dharma, karma, samsara, moksha, using technical terms accurately

Give meanings for the story of the man in the well and explain how it relates to Hindu beliefs about samsara, moksha, etc.

					Make links between Hindu practices and the idea that Hinduism is a whole 'way of life' (dharma)		
Understanding Impact	Early Learning Goal for Understanding the World – Past and Present: Talk about the lives of the people around them and their roles in society. Know some similarities and differences between things in the past and now, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class. Understand the past through settings, characters and events encountered in books read in class and storytelling.	Identify at least two ways people show they love each other and belong to each other when they get married (Christian and/or Jewish and non-religious) Give at least two examples of a way in which Christians show their belief in God as loving and forgiving (e.g. by saying sorry, by seeing God as welcoming them back; by forgiving others) Give an example of how Christians put their beliefs into practice in worship (e.g. by saying sorry to God) Give examples of how Jewish people celebrate special times (e.g. Shabbat, Sukkot, Chanukah) Make links between Jewish ideas of God found in the stories and how people live Give an example of how some Jewish people might remember God in different ways (e.g. mezuzah, on Shabbat) Give at least one example of what	Give examples of ways in which Christians use the story of the Nativity to guide their beliefs and actions at Christmas Give at least three examples of how Christians show their beliefs about Jesus' death and resurrection in church worship at Easter Give at least two examples of ways in which Christians follow the teachings studied about forgiveness and peace, and bringing good news to the friendless Give at least two examples of how Christians put these beliefs into practice in the Church community and their own lives (for example: charity, confession) Give examples of stories, objects, symbols and actions used in churches, mosques and/or synagogues which show what people believe Give simple examples	Make simple links between promises in the story of Noah and promises that Christians make at a wedding ceremony Describe what Christians do because they believe God is Creator (e.g. follow God, wonder at how amazing God's creation is; care for the Earth – some specific ways) Describe how and why Christians might pray to God, say sorry and ask for forgiveness Give examples of how Christians try to show love for all, including how Christian leaders try to follow Jesus' teaching in different ways Describe some examples of how people try to live (e.g. individuals and organisations) Identify some differences in how people put their beliefs into action Give examples of how Muslims use the Shahadah to show	'way of life' (dharma) Describe how Christians show their beliefs about God the Trinity in worship in different ways (in baptism and prayer, for example) and in the way they live Make simple links between the description of Pentecost in Acts 2, the Holy Spirit, the kingdom of God, and how Christians live now Describe how Christians show their beliefs about the Holy Spirit in worship Describe what happens in ceremonies of commitment (e.g. baptism, sacred thread, marriage) and say what these rituals mean Make simple links between beliefs about love and commitment and how people in at least two religious traditions live (e.g. through celebrating forgiveness, salvation and freedom at festivals) Identify some	Make clear connections between Bible texts studied and what Christians believe about God; for example, through how cathedrals are designed Show how Christians put their beliefs into practice in worship Show how Christians put their beliefs about Jesus' Incarnation into practice in different ways in celebrating Christmas Comment on how the idea that Jesus is the Messiah makes sense in the wider story of the Bible Make clear connections between Christian and Humanist ideas about being good and how people live Suggest reasons why it might be helpful to follow a moral code and why it might be difficult, offering different points of view Make clear	Make clear connections between what people believe about God and the impact of this belief on how they live Give evidence and examples to show how Christians sometimes disagree about what God is like (e.g. some differences in interpreting Genesis) Make clear connections between Genesis 1 and Christian belief about God as Creator Show understanding of why many Christians find science and faith go together Make clear connections between the Christian belief in Jesus' death as a sacrifice and how Christians celebrate Holy Communion/Lord's Supper Show how Christians put their beliefs into practice in different ways
		Christians do to say 'thank you' to God for Creation	of how people worship at a church, mosque or synagogue	what matters to them Give examples of how Muslims use stories about the Prophet to	differences in how people celebrate commitment (e.g. different practices of	connections between Gospel texts, Jesus' 'good news', and how	Make clear connections between what

	Give an example of	Talk about why some	guide their beliefs and	marriage, or Christian	Christians live in the	people believe
	how people show that	people like to belong	actions (e.g. care for	baptism)	Christian community	about God and how
	they care for others	to a sacred building or	creation, fast in	Баризги	and in their	they respond to
	(e.g. by giving to	a community	Ramadan)	Make simple links	individual lives	challenges in life
	charity), making a link	a common my	Karriadarij	between the Gospel	marriaea mees	(e.g. suffering,
	to one of the stories		Give examples of how	accounts and how	Make clear	bereavement)
			Muslims put their	Christians mark the	connections	201041011101117
	Give examples of how		beliefs about prayer	Easter events in their	between Muslim	Give examples of
	Christians and Jews can		into action	communities	beliefs and ibadah	ways in which beliefs
	show care for the		e dene	331111131111133	(e.g. Five Pillars,	about resurrection/
	natural earth		Give examples of	Describe how	festivals, mosques,	judgement/heaven/
			ibadah (worship) in	Christians show their	art)	karma/reincarnation
	Say why Christians and		Islam (e.g. prayer,	beliefs about Jesus in		make a difference to
	Jews might look after		fasting, celebrating)	worship in different	Give evidence and	how someone lives
	the natural world		and describe what	ways	examples to show	
			they involve.	,	how Muslims put their	Make clear
	Give an account of		•	Describe how Hindus	beliefs into practice	connections
	what happens at a		Make links between	show their faith within	in different ways	between Hindu
	traditional Christian and		Muslim beliefs about	their families in Britain		beliefs about
	Jewish or Muslim		God and a range of	today (e.g. home	Make clear	dharma, karma,
	welcome ceremony,		ways in which Muslims	puja)	connections	samsara and moksha
	and suggest what the		worship (e.g. in prayer		between Jewish	and ways in which
	actions and symbols		and fasting, as a	Describe how Hindus	beliefs about the	Hindus live
	mean		family and as a	show their faith within	Torah and how they	
			community, at home	their faith	use and treat it	Connect the four
			and in the mosque)	communities in Britain		Hindu aims of life and
				today (e.g. arti and	Make clear	the four stages of life
			Make simple links	bhajans at the	connections	with beliefs about
			between Jewish	mandir; in festivals	between Jewish	dharma, karma,
			beliefs about God	such as Diwali)	commandments	moksha, etc.
			and his people and		and how Jews live	
			how Jews live (e.g.	Identify some different	(e.g. in relation to	Give evidence and
			through celebrating	ways in which Hindus	kosher laws)	examples to show
			forgiveness,	show their faith (e.g.	0	how Hindus put their
			salvation and freedom	between different	Give evidence and	beliefs into practice
			at festivals)	communities in Britain,	examples to show	in different ways
			Describe how Jews	or between Britain and	how Jewish people	
			show their beliefs	parts of India)	put their beliefs into practice in different	
			through worship in	Make simple links	ways (e.g. some	
			festivals, both at home	between beliefs about	differences between	
			and in wider	God and how Hindus	Orthodox and	
			communities	live (e.g. choosing a	Progressive Jewish	
			COMMISS	deity and worshiping	practice)	
			Make simple links	at a home shrine;	p. 301100)	
			between teachings	celebrating Diwali)		
			about how to live and	3 2 3		
			ways in which people	Identify some different		
			try to make the world	ways in which Hindus		
			a better place (e.g.	worship		
			tikkun olam and the			
			charity Tzedek)			
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Making Connections

Early Learning Goal for Personal, Social and Emotional Development:

Self-Regulation – Show an understanding of their own feelings and those of others, and begin to regulate their behaviour accordingly.

Manaaina Self -Be confident to trv new activities and show independence, resilience and perseverance in the face of challenae: Explain the reasons for rules, know right from wrong and try to behave accordingly.

Building Relationships – Form positive attachments to adults and friendships with peers. Show sensitivity to their own and to others' needs. Give examples of ways in which people express their identity and belonging within faith communities and other communities, responding sensitively to differences

Talk about what they think is good about being in a community, for people in faith communities and for themselves, giving a good reason for their ideas.

Think, talk and ask questions about whether they can learn anything from the story for themselves, exploring different ideas

Give a reason for the ideas they have and the connections they make.

Talk about what they think is good about reflecting, thanking, praising and remembering for Jewish people, giving a good reason for their ideas

Give a good reason for their ideas about whether reflecting, thanking, praising and remembering have something to say to them too.

Think, talk and ask questions about living in an amazing world Give a reason for the ideas they have and the connections they make between the

Give a good reason for their ideas about whether prayer, respect, celebration and self-control have something to say to them too.

Think, talk and ask questions about Christmas for people who are Christians and for people who are not

Decide what they personally have to be thankful for, giving a reason for their ideas.

Think, talk and ask questions about whether the story of Easter only has something to say to Christians, or if it has anything to say to pupils about sadness, hope or heaven, exploring different ideas and giving a good reason for their ideas.

Think, talk and ask questions about whether Jesus' 'good news' is only good news for Christians, or if there are things for anyone to learn about how to live, giving a good reason for their ideas.

Think, talk and ask good questions about what happens in a church, synagogue or mosque, saying what they think about Make links between the story of Noah and how we live in school and the wider world.

Ask questions and suggest answers about what might be important in the Creation story for Christians and for non-Christians living today.

Make links with the value of personal reflection, saying sorry, being forgiven, being grateful, seeking freedom and justice in the world today, including pupils' own lives, and giving good reasons for their ideas.

Make links between the importance of love in the Bible stories studied and life in the world today, giving a good reason for their ideas.

Raise questions and suggest answers about why the world is not always a good place, and what are the best ways of making it better

Make links between some commands for living from religious traditions, non-religious worldviews and pupils' own ideas

Express their own ideas about the best ways to make the world a better place, making links with religious ideas studied,

Make links between some Bible texts studied and the idea of God in Christianity, expressing clearly some ideas of their own about what Christians believe God is like.

Raise questions and suggest answers about whether it is good to think about the cycle of create/preserve/ destroy in the world today

Make links between ideas about the kingdom of God in the Bible and what people believe about following God today, giving good reasons for their ideas.
Raise questions and suggest answers about whether it is good for everyone to see life as a journey, and to mark the milestones

Make links between ideas of love, commitment and promises in religious and non-religious ceremonies

Give good reasons why they think ceremonies of commitment are or are not valuable today.

Raise thoughtful questions and suggest some answers about why Christians call the day Jesus died 'Good Weigh up how biblical ideas and teachings about God as holy and loving might make a difference in the world today, developing insights of their own.

Weigh up how far the idea of Jesus as the 'Messiah' – a Saviour from God – is important in the world today and, if it is true, what difference that might make in people's lives, giving good reasons for their answers.

Raise important questions and suggest answers about how and why people should be good

Make connections between the values studied and their own lives, and their importance in the world today, giving good reasons for their views.

Make connections between Christian teachings (e.g. about peace, forgiveness, healing) and the issues, problems and opportunities in the world today, including their own lives

Articulate their own responses to the

Reflect on and articulate some ways in which believing in God is valuable in the lives of believers, and ways it can be challenging

Consider and weigh up different views on theism, agnosticism and atheism, expressing insights of their own about why people believe in God or not

Make connections between belief and behaviour in their own lives, in the light of their learning.

Identify key ideas arising from their study of Genesis I and comment on how far these are helpful or inspiring, justifying their responses

Weigh up how far the Genesis 1 creation narrative is in conflict, or is complementary, with a scientific account, giving good reasons for their views.

Weigh up the value and impact of ideas of sacrifice in their own lives and the world today

Articulate their own responses to the idea of sacrifice,

	Jewis Crea world
	Think ques differ God peop and
	Give every non-r care after

Jewish/Christian
Creation story and the world they live in.

Think, talk and ask questions about what difference believing in God makes to how people treat each other and the natural world

Give good reasons why everyone (religious and non-religious) should care for others and look after the natural world.

these questions, giving good reasons for their ideas

Talk about what makes some places special to people, and what the difference is between religious and non-religious special places.

Think, talk about and ask questions about Muslim beliefs and ways of living

Talk about what they think is good for Muslims about prayer, respect, celebration and self-control, giving a good reason for their ideas

giving good reasons for their views.

Raise questions and suggest answers about the value of submission and selfcontrol to Muslims, and whether there are benefits for people who are not Muslims

Make links between the Muslim idea of living in harmony with the Creator and the need for all people to live in harmony with each other in the world today, giving good reasons for their ideas.

Raise questions and suggest answers about whether it is good for Jews and everyone else to remember the past and look forward to the future Friday', giving good reasons for their suggestions.

Raise questions and suggest answers about what is good about being a Hindu in Britain today, and whether taking part in family and community rituals is a good thing for individuals and society, giving good reasons for their ideas

Make links between the Hindu idea of everyone having a 'spark' of God in them and ideas about the value of people in the world today, giving good reasons for their ideas. issues studied, recognising different points of view.

Make connections between Muslim beliefs studied and Muslim ways of living in Britain/Cornwall today

Consider and weigh up the value of e.g. submission, obedience, generosity, self-control and worship in the lives of Muslims today and articulate responses on how far they are valuable to people who are not Muslims

Reflect on and articulate what it is like to be a Muslim in Britain today, giving good reasons for their views

Make connections between Jewish beliefs studied and explain how and why they are important to Jewish people today

Consider and weigh up the value of e.g. tradition, ritual, community, study and worship in the lives of Jews today, and articulate responses on how far they are valuable to people who are not Jewish.

recognising different points of view.

Relate the Christian 'kingdom of God' model (i.e. loving others, serving the needy) to issues, problems and opportunities in the world today

Articulate their own responses to the idea of the importance of love and service in the world today.

Interpret a range of artistic expressions of afterlife, offering and explaining different ways of understanding these

Offer a reasoned response to the unit question, with evidence and example, expressing insights of their own.

Make connections between Hindu beliefs studied (e.g. karma and dharma), and explain how and why they are important to Hindus

Reflect on and articulate what impact belief in karma and dharma might have on individuals and the world, recognising different points of view

Other faiths Progression

Even if you are not teaching a specific religion in that year, but children have prior knowledge of it then you need to refer back to this previous learning so that children make links between the different faiths.

	EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Judaism	To know about	Give a clear, simple	Give examples of	Identify some Jewish		Identify and explain	
	and say why Jews	account of what	stories, objects,	beliefs about God, sin		Jewish beliefs about	
	celebrate the	Genesis 1 tells Christians	symbols and actions	and forgiveness and		God	
	festival of	and Jews about the	used in synagogues	describe what they			
	Hanukkah	natural world	which show what	mean		Give examples of	
			Jewish people believe			some texts that say	
		Recognise the words of		Make clear links		what God is like and	
		the Shema as a Jewish	Give simple examples	between the story of		explain how Jewish	
		prayer	of how people worship	the Exodus and		people interpret	
			at a synagogue	Jewish beliefs about		them	
		Retell simply some		God and his			
		stories used in Jewish		relationship with the		Make clear	
		celebrations		Jewish people		connections between Jewish	
		(e.g. Chanukah)		Offer informed		beliefs about the	
		Give examples of how				Torah and how they	
		the stories used in		suggestions about the meaning of the		use and treat it	
		celebrations		Exodus story for Jews		ose and near n	
		(e.g. Shabbat,		today		Make clear	
		Chanukah) remind Jews		loddy		connections	
		about what God is like		Make simple links		between Jewish	
		about what ood is like		between Jewish		commandments and	
		Identify at least two		beliefs about God		how Jews live (e.g. in	
		ways people show they		and his people and		relation to kosher	
		love each other and		how Jews live (e.g.		laws)	
		belong to each other		through celebrating		,	
		when they get married		forgiveness,		Give evidence and	
		(Christian and/or Jewish		salvation and		examples to show	
		and non-religious)		freedom at festivals)		how Jewish people	
		3		,		put their beliefs into	
		Give examples of how		Describe how Jews		practice in different	
		Jewish people		show their beliefs		ways (e.g. some	
		celebrate special times		through worship in		differences between	
		(e.g. Shabbat, Sukkot,		festivals, both at		Orthodox and	
		Chanukah)		home and in wider		Progressive Jewish	
				communities		practice)	
		Make links between					
		Jewish ideas of God		Make simple links		Make connections	
		found in the stories and		between teachings		between Jewish	
		how people live		about how to live		beliefs studied and	
				and ways in which		explain how and why	
		Give an example of		people try to make		they are important to	
		how some Jewish		the world a better		Jewish people today	
		people might		place (e.g. tikkun			
		remember God in					

	different ways (e.g. mezuzah, on Shabbat) Give examples of how Jews can show care for the natural earth Say why Jews might look after the natural world Give an account of what happens at a traditional Christian and Jewish welcome ceremony, and suggest what the actions and symbols mean		olam and the charity Tzedek) Raise questions and suggest answers about whether it is good for Jews and everyone else to remember the past and look forward to the future	Consider and weigh up the value of e.g. tradition, ritual, community, study and worship in the lives of Jews today, and articulate responses on how far they are valuable to people who are not Jewish.	
To know about and say why Muslims celebrate the festival of Eid	symbols mean	Recognise the words of the Shahadah and that it is very important for Muslims Identify some of the key Muslim beliefs about God found in the Shahadah and the 99 names of Allah, and give a simple description of what some of them mean Give examples of how stories about the Prophet show what Muslims believe about Muhammad Give examples of stories, objects, symbols and actions used in mosques which show what people believe Give simple examples of how people worship at a mosque Think, talk about and ask questions about Muslim beliefs and ways of living	Identify some beliefs about God in Islam, expressed in Surah 1 Make clear links between beliefs about God and ibadah (e.g. how God is worth worshiping; how Muslims submit to God) Give examples of how Muslims use the Shahadah to show what matters to them Give examples of how Muslims use stories about the Prophet to guide their beliefs and actions (e.g. care for creation, fast in Ramadan) Give examples of how Muslims put their beliefs about prayer into action Give examples of ibadah (worship) in Islam (e.g. prayer, fasting, celebrating)	Identify and explain Muslim beliefs about God, the Prophet* and the Holy Qur'an (e.g. Tawhid; Muhammad as the Messenger, Qur'an as the message) Describe ways in which Muslim sources of authority guide Muslim living (e.g. Qur'an guidance on Five Pillars; Hajj practices follow example of the Prophet) Make clear connections between Muslim beliefs and ibadah (e.g. Five Pillars, festivals, mosques, art) Give evidence and examples to show how Muslims put their beliefs into practice in different ways Make connections between Muslim beliefs studied and	

		Talk about what they think is good for Muslims about prayer, respect, celebration and self-control, giving a good reason for their ideas	and describe what they involve. Make links between Muslim beliefs about God and a range of ways in which Muslims worship (e.g. in prayer and fasting, as a family and as a community, at home and in the mosque) Raise questions and suggest answers about the value of submission and self-control to Muslims, and whether there are benefits for people who are not Muslims Make links between the Muslim idea of living in harmony with the Creator and the need for all people to live in harmony with each other in the world today, giving good reasons for their ideas.		Muslim ways of living in Britain/Cornwall today Consider and weigh up the value of e.g. submission, obedience, generosity, self-control and worship in the lives of Muslims today and articulate responses on how far they are valuable to people who are not Muslims Reflect on and articulate what it is like to be a Muslim in Britain today, giving good reasons for their views	
Hinduism	To know about and say why Hindus celebrate the festival of Diwali			Identify some Hindu deities and say how they help Hindus describe God Make clear links between some stories (e.g. Svetaketu, Ganesh, Diwali) and what Hindus believe about God Offer informed suggestions about what Hindu murtis express about God Identify the terms dharma, Sanatan		Identify and explain Hindu beliefs, e.g. dharma, karma, samsara, moksha, using technical terms accurately Give meanings for the story of the man in the well and explain how it relates to Hindu beliefs about samsara, moksha, etc. Give examples of ways in which beliefs about resurrection/ judgement/heaven/

	Dharma and	karma/reincarnation
	Hinduism and say	make a difference to
	what they mean	how someone lives
	Make links between	Make clear
	Hindu practices and	connections
	the idea that	between Hindu
	Hinduism is a whole	beliefs about
	'way of life' (dharma)	dharma, karma,
		samsara and moksha
	Make simple links	and ways in which
	between beliefs	Hindus live
	about love and	
	commitment and	Connect the four
	how people in at	Hindu aims of life and
	least two religious	the four stages of life
	traditions live (e.g.	with beliefs about
	through celebrating	dharma, karma,
	forgiveness, salvation	moksha, etc.
	and freedom at	
	festivals)	Give evidence and
	1031114137	examples to show
	Describe how Hindus	how Hindus put their
	show their faith within	beliefs into practice
	their families in Britain	in different ways
	today (e.g. home	
	puja)	Make connections
		between Hindu
	Describe how Hindus	beliefs studied (e.g.
	show their faith within	karma and dharma),
	their faith	
		and explain how and
	communities in Britain	why they are
	today (e.g. arti and	important to Hindus
	bhajans at the	
	mandir; in festivals	Reflect on and
	such as Diwali)	articulate what
	,	impact belief in
	Identify some	karma and dharma
	different ways in	might have on
	which Hindus show	individuals and the
	their faith (e.g.	world, recognising
	between different	different points of
	communities in	view
	Britain, or between	
	Britain and parts of	
	India)	
	inda _j	
	Make simple links	
	between beliefs	
	about God and how	
	Hindus live (e.g.	
	choosing a deity and	
	worshiping at a home	
•		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

			shrine; celebrating Diwali) Identify some different ways in which Hindus worship Raise questions and suggest answers about what is good about being a Hindu in Britain today, and whether taking part in family and community rituals is a good thing for individuals and society, giving good reasons for their ideas Make links between the Hindu idea of everyone having a 'spark' of God in them and ideas about the value of people in the world today, giving good reasons for their		
Humanist			ideas.	Identify and explain beliefs about why people are good and bad (e.g. Christian and Humanist) Make links with sources of authority that tell people how to be good (e.g. Christian ideas of 'being made in the image of God' but 'fallen', and Humanists saying people can be 'good without God')	